

The Tazewell Republican

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WILLIAM C. PENDLETON,
Editor and Proprietor.

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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1900.

BRANISM CRUSHED.

The defeat to Bryanism administered by the people of the United States on Tuesday is more crushing than the one of 1896. That this was a wise and happy result the people will live to see. No more dangerous man has ever appeared in the political arena than is William Jennings Bryan. The doctrines he enunciated and the principles he espoused were the most corrupting and dangerous any candidate for the Presidency has dared to promulgate. The very fact that so many honest and intelligent men became infatuated with Bryan's personality, and became supporters of his monstrous theories of government, made the necessity for his defeat more urgent. The masses of the people, the business interests of the country, the advocates of law and order will all experience an intense feeling of relief over the fact that Bryanism has been retired, it is to be hoped permanently, from American politics. The conservative element has been saved from the ruin which it believed would follow in the wake of Bryanism, while the radical forces of Democracy in the South and elsewhere, whose platform of principles is summed up in a single plank—"hatred to Republicanism"—has been saved from their desperate folly.

From the honest, intelligent masses of the American people there should go up a fervent prayer of thanks that our country has been saved from the curse of Bryanism.

The South, as usual, stands solid for ruin. Will we ever live to see the day when our section will be relieved from the burden of a corrupt and incapable leadership which has dominated our politics for more than a quarter of a century?

THE dinner pail is safe for the next four years.

GENERAL PROSPERITY was too strong to be overcome by Bryanism.

THE Baltimore Sun didn't shine very much in Maryland last Tuesday.

MANY a Democrat is secretly happy over the McKinley victory, but hasn't the courage to say so.

VIRGINIA was once noted for its able and honest statesmen. Now it is notorious for its dishonest machine politicians and infamous election laws.

THE farmers of the country may rest assured that for the next four years there will be an excellent market for all the products of his toil, and at good prices, too.

THE fellows who are frightened about imperialism ought to make their homes in the Southern States, where there is no such thing as governing people with their consent.

"BILLY" BRYAN, the great political fakir of the Democratic party, should now be content to retire to his Nebraska ranch and devote the remaining years of his life to honest farming, since the people have told him so emphatically that they did not want him for President.

REHEARSAL has added to its already infamous record by the dishonest ballots which were furnished the voters of the Ninth Congressional District on last Tuesday. The mind that conceived the form of ballot used in the different counties, must have been taught by the devil to perform such tricks.

WHEN there are great questions to be voted upon the American people can be trusted to deal with them in the right way. This was demonstrated on last Tuesday, when for the second time, within four years, they buried William Jennings Bryan and his dangerous heresies beneath an avalanche of ballots and righteous indignation.

THE "official" ballots used in Tazewell county last Tuesday were a regular Chinese puzzle to the average voter. The voters had to rely on the judges of election to mark their ballots; and frequently the judges would make mistakes in marking and would discover the errors in time to correct them. When even the most intelligent voter would undertake to scratch his own ballot, he would consume from three to five minutes. Then there was no assurance that the voter had prepared his ballot to vote as he intended. If each voter at Tazewell precinct had undertaken to scratch his own ballot on Tuesday one-half the vote could not have been polled at this place.

PERSONAL NOTES.

James Bryce the famous English statesman and author, is in Paris for his first genuine visit to that city.

A cousin of Dr. Livingstone, Mrs. MacQueen, born Kate Livingstone, is alive at the age of 104 at Salon, in the Isle of Mull.

General Hawley says that the late Charles Dudley Warner led a quiet life, but a most religious one, although he rarely spoke on religious topics.

The name of S. L. Clemens, (Mark Twain) on the new voting list of Hartford, and, in spite of stories to the contrary, has never been removed therefrom.

The late General Palmer, as a member of the Springfield, Ill., school board, some years ago, brought about the abolition of separate public schools for white and colored children.

T. F. Walsh, the Colorado mine-owner, who is reported to have entered into business relations with the King of the Belgians, first met that monarch at a dinner in Paris to which Leopold invited him.

William F. Steward and his wife, of Scranton Township, near Urbana, Ill., have given their 600-acre farm, valued at \$60,000, for the founding of an institution devoted to the education of colored people in the "black belt" of the South.

Professor Haackel has been invited to become president of the German Association of Free Thinkers, in place of Prof. Dodel, who resigned, but has declined the offer as being inconsistent with his present place as a professor at Jena.

Six Frightful Failures.

Six frightful failures of six different doctors nearly sent Wm. H. Mullen of Lockland, O., to an early grave. All said he had a fatal lung trouble and that he must soon die. But he was urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. After taking five bottles he was entirely cured. It is positively guaranteed to cure all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs, including Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Croup, Whooping cough, etc. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at J. E. Jackson's drug store.

The European Coal Crisis.

It has remained for the French Ambassador to London, M. Cambon, to furnish a new and more or less original reason for the demand in Europe for American coal. The reason is that they need not give American shippers any concern regarding the future of American coal contracts with the old country. If existing conditions in the coal trade of Europe have stimulated a demand for the American product under present conditions, they will continue to do so for some time to come.

After discussing the rise in prices during the last two years, through which buyers of English coal everywhere have paid something like \$380,000,000 above the prices charged prior to the crisis, the French Ambassador announces that four causes which are held responsible for the increased demand for coal are not in reality those to which the prevalent scarcity should be charged; these are, the state of the mines, the South African war, excessive exportation and the ordinary requirements of trade.

M. Cambon declares, after careful investigation into all the causes assigned, that the real reason for the existing scarcity of coal in Europe is due to the general increase of trade and industry, which has not been accompanied by a corresponding increase of output. Europe generally during the past two years and a half has experienced a commercial and industrial revival second only to that of the United States. There has been a corresponding increase in the demand for coal, which has not been supplied either by the collieries of England, Germany or France. The consequence was a rise in prices everywhere. Available stocks vanished and the market was forced to depend on the daily output of the mines, which had the effect of making the mine owners masters of the situation. They were unequal to the new condition and a crisis was the result.

This condition, according to the distinguished investigator, will continue for some time to come. The situation will continue in its present condition as long as prosperity continues to prevail in the industrial centers of Europe. This is entirely independent of industrial situations in the United States, and the demand for American coal is therefore liable to continue for an indefinite period.

A Great Medicine.

"I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and find it to be a great medicine," says Mr. E. S. Phillips, of Poteau, Ark. "It cured me of bloody flux. I cannot speak too highly of it." This remedy always wins the good opinion, if not the praise, of those who use it. The quick cures which it effects even in the most severe cases make it a favorite everywhere. For sale by JOHN E. JACKSON.

BAROMETER AND PASTRY.

Heavy Weather Makes the Pie Crust Heavier Than Clear.

The connection between the barometer and heavy pastry may not be at once apparent to everybody, but it is capable of simple explanation.

In referring to a statement that height above sea level affects the quality of cooking the British Food Journal says the reason of this apparent anomaly is the rarity of the atmosphere, as indicated by the barometer. The gases disengaged in the action of baking powder expand the pastry much more when the atmosphere pressure is low than when the pressure is high, so that when a good cook is transported from normal conditions to these lofty regions all the pastry froths over the sides of the cake-tins.

If the pressure of the atmosphere does influence the rising of the cake, then in fine, bright weather all cakes ought to be heavy, while in wet weather they ought to be light.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromine Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. /25c.

FLORIDA ORANGES.

This Year's Crop Will Be Double That of Last Season.

The freezes of 1894 and 1895 killed most of Florida's orange trees down to the roots but did not kill the roots, and sprouts since 1895 have grown into bearing trees. So general is this fact that Florida's orange crop this winter is expected to be about 1,000,000 boxes, and will be twice as much next year. There is no orange equal to Florida orange in flavor and deliciousness, so that it commands a good price. This year's crop will bring, it is believed, about \$1.75 a box. In this case the profit may be as much as in 1893-4, when the crop was 6,000,000 boxes. California oranges are good, but the Florida orange is better. According to the Louisville Courier-Journal "the Florida orange is the queen of fruits. Ponce de Leon searched the peninsula over for the fabled fountain of youth without success, but a wiser man would have been content with the first orange grove. The tropics produce nothing else so delicate, so refreshing, so pleasing to the eye, so seductive to the nostrils and so ravishing to the taste."

Brave Explorers

Like Stanley and Livingstone, found it harder to overcome Malaria, Fever and Ague, and Typhoid disease germs than savage cannibals; but thousands have found that Electric Bitters is a wonderful cure for all malarial diseases. If you have chills with fever, aches in back of neck and head, and tired, worn-out feeling, a trial will convince you of their merit. W. A. Null, of Webb, Ill., writes: "My children suffered for more than a year with chills and fever; then two bottles of Electric Bitters cured them." Only 50 cents. Try them. Guaranteed. Sold by JOHN E. JACKSON, Druggist.

German Law of Libel.

Chamberlain's Journal.]

The German law of libel is a curiosity. An editor recently said in his paper that a certain gentleman "was an unmanly boor," in consequence of which a libel action was brought against the paper. The evidence given seemed to show that the only fault with the expression was that it was not strong enough. The case was taken from court to court in the usual way, until it reached the highest tribunal; the final decision was that the editor would have been perfectly justified if he had said that the plaintiff "had acted like an unmanly boor," but since he had said that the plaintiff actually "was an unmanly boor," he had committed libel. In Germany it is libelous to call a man a pig or an ass; but if you combine the two and call a man a pig-ass, then there is no libel, because such an animal does not exist. The favorite combination among Germans is, we believe, pig-dog—schweinehund.

The Roman Church and Modern Italy.

International Monthly.]

"In other countries the Church, and especially the Roman Catholic, is the best ally of the Conservative elements, both having as a mutual object the preservation and protection of the State. Italy, on the contrary, has in the clerical hierarchy and most irreconcilable foe, who on her hearth-stone and in her very midst are ready to give support to any enemy of the Republic or Empire, followers of deposed rulers, or subversive parties. The attacks are continuous, the Clerical hierarchy at their disposal the strongest organization which has ever existed, employing diplomats and the press, the pulpit and all active propaganda with such liberty and protection as can hardly be found even in countries where the relations between Church and State are cordial. The conflict between the Papacy and Italy continues ever unabated, there being no hope of reconciliation, either through agreement between the two, or an international convention as in either case the condition put forward by the Vatican would be the abandonment of Rome by United Italy, which is a proposition which will not even bear discussion."

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in Chicago.

Higgen Bros., the popular South Side druggists, corner 69th street and Westworth avenue, say: "We sell a great deal of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and find that it gives the most satisfactory results, especially among children for severe colds and croup." For sale by JOHN E. JACKSON.

Spent Millions in Four Years.

The appointment by the court in Paris of George Gould as trustee for the estate of the Countess Castellan is the talk of that city. As the court gives Gould absolute control of the countess's estate and as the count has not a cent in his own name it means that he will have to go to his American brother-in-law for his pocket money, and will have to render account to Mr. Gould for the money he spends. It is likely that the expensive property purchased by the count will be sold. Counsel for the Goulds stated that Mr. Gould petitions the court to deprive the count or countess of any power to touch the capital of the estate or to contract debts. Further, counsel stated, that Dr. Castellan himself was absolutely penniless. Under his guidance the countess had spent \$3,000,000 in the past four years \$600,000 more than her income for that period besides having contracted debts to the amount of nearly \$4,500,000. The count is said to have made the assertion that his object in marrying Anna Gould was to obtain money to entertain others.

It is said that Count Castellan promised the Gould family that he would not oppose the application of a trusteeship of the estate of the countess on condition that his debts are paid. It is also rumored that the Goulds favor a separation. The count's brother, Ademar, is engaged to an American girl.

To remove a troublesome corn or bunion: First soak the corn or bunion in warm water to soften it, then pare it out as closely as possible without drawing blood and apply Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice daily; rubbing vigorously for five minutes at each application. A corn plaster should be worn for a few days, to protect it from the shoe. As a general liniment for sprains, bruises, lameness and rheumatism, Pain Balm is unequalled. For sale by JOHN E. JACKSON.

A Crucifix Saved Gilmore.

Lieutenant-Commander Gilmore, in his account of his experiences as a prisoner of the Philippines in McClure's Magazine, says that he owes his life and that of his companion to a peculiar incident which occurred when they had been taken into the mountains by a Filipino lieutenant, to be held by General Tinto to execute them. He writes: "I have always believed that the lieutenant's refusal to obey orders and execute us was due to the effect produced in his mind by an incident which had occurred a night or two earlier. At one of our stops he had shown me a crucifix which he wore hung by a ribbon around his neck, and said to me: 'The Americans are not Christians.' 'Oh, yes,' I replied, 'all the Americans are Christians.' 'But you never wear any crucifixes,' I opened my jacket and showed him my breast. A crucifix had been tattooed there years ago, when I was a midshipman. The Tagal leaped to his feet with an exclamation of surprise. He instantly crossed himself. His eyes nearly started out of his head. I explained to him that any one could buy a crucifix and hang it around his neck, but that I had endured pain to have my crucifix pricked in the flesh, and that, as he could see, it must always be with me. There was a marked change in his manner to toward me after that."

JOHN E. JACKSON guarantees every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia.

A Society Fad.

Something new is promised in the way of a society fad, says the New York correspondent of the Boston Transcript.

During the coming winter no really well and properly equipped dinner table will be considered complete, on a festive occasion in the house of any fashionable millionaire, unless there is a dwarf cherry tree for an ornament—at least one cherry tree, that is to say, though there may be as many as half a dozen. These trees will bear actual fruit, ruddy ripe, which the guests are expected to pluck for themselves when dessert-time arrives. Not more than one hundred cherries will be on each tree, but, inasmuch as they will be of extraordinary size and delicious quality, besides being so unusual a luxury, this number should suffice for a small dinner party at all events—one of those ideal managed entertainments at which, in accordance with accepted theory in such matters, the persons present are not fewer than the Graces nor exceeding the Muses numerically.

These dwarf cherry trees have been evolved by the ingenuity of French gardeners, and during the last winter they have been the vogue in gay Paris. That they cost a good deal of money goes without saying, inasmuch as the fruit has to be forced by special processes in the greenhouse, and, the little crop once picked, there cannot be another until a twelve-month later. The French are wonderful at this sort of thing, having developed the art of horticulture upon certain lines to a point undreamed of on this side of the Atlantic.

The cherry trees, as they appear on the dinner-table, are four or five years old, but have trunks only about an inch and a half in diameter. They have never been permitted to grow more than three feet high, being kept cut down to that point, while most of the branches are lopped off, so that the little tree has a wholly artificial aspect. At the proper time it is set in a pot and placed in the hot-house for the purpose of forcing it to fruit. And finally, when the fruit appears, most of the cherries are removed, while at yet immature, with a pair of scissors, only 100 or so being allowed to ripen. As a result, they have a size and quality far superior to the best of ordinary cherries.

TRIAL TREATMENT B. B. FREE

Cures Blood Poison, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, and All Blood Troubles.

The B. B. Blood Balm (B. B. B.) treatment for impure blood and skin disease is now recognized as a sure and certain cure for the most advanced stages of cancer, eating sores, eczema, itching skin, humors, scabs or scales, syphilitic blood poison, ulcers, persistent eruptions, pimples, boils, aches and pains in bones, joints and back, swollen glands, ringworms and bumps on the skin, rheumatism or catarrh, or any form of skin or blood diseases. Men, women and children are being cured in every State by Botanic Blood Balm for purifying the blood, and expelling the germs and humors from the entire system, leaving the skin free from eruptions, and rosy with evidence of pure, rich blood. No sufferer need longer despair,—help is at hand,—no matter how many discouragements you may have met with, Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures permanently and quickly. To satisfy the doubts we will give to any sufferer a trial treatment absolutely free so that they may test this wonderful remedy. B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) sold by all drug stores with complete directions for home treatment for \$1. per large bottle. For free trial treatment, address Blood Balm Co., 8 Mitchell Street, Atlanta, Ga., and Trial Treatment will be sent at once. Write to-day. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given. Over 3,000 voluntary testimonials of cures by using Blood Balm. Thoroughly tested for 30 years.

Order of Publication.

VIRGINIA: In the clerk's office of the circuit court of the county of Tazewell, on the 18th day of October, 1900: Sallie M. Reed, Complainant, against J. H. Chancery, John Reed, Defendant.

The object of this suit is to obtain, in favor of Sallie M. Reed, the complainant in this suit, a divorce from the bonds of matrimony from the defendant, the said John Reed. And an affidavit having been made and filed that the defendant John Reed is not a resident of the State of Virginia, it is ordered that he do appear here within fifteen days after due publication hereof, and do what may be necessary to protect his interest in this suit. And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published once a week for four weeks in the REPUBLICAN, a weekly newspaper published at Tazewell, and that a copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of this county as prescribed by law. A copy—Teste: H. BANE HARMAN, Clerk. Hicks & Worth, p. q.

SOME POST OFFICE FIGURES.

Interesting Facts from the Report of the London Postmaster General.

The annual report of the postmaster general, although not due till parliament reassembles, has been made public by Lord Londonderry. He recalls the colossal blunders of the public with great gusto. It is really astonishing that 288,667 packets should be posted unaddressed and still more orders and other paper money. There is another record of carelessness against the public in the fact that the articles found loose in the post have increased by nearly 80 per cent. in the last four years. The craze for cheapness affects even postal covers, to our loss, it would seem. For the fact that undelivered correspondence for the army in South Africa is being returned in large quantities, there is ample explanation in the melancholy list of losses in the war. The postmaster general appears to be surprised that 35,448 letters addressed to the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, which were stopped at Cape Town at the outbreak of the war, "were not claimed there by the persons for whom they were intended." There was, no doubt, a difficulty in the way of either Boers or uitlanders sending after war had been declared. There is a healthy surplus on the working of the department of £3,710,631, which will please the chancellor of the exchequer. But the deficit on telegraphs has increased from £66,569 to £288,438.

MISSIONARIES WELL PAID.

Married Men Receive One Thousand Dollars a Year and Traveling Expenses.

The foreign missionary does not work for love of humanity alone. He is a well-paid person, and instead of having the usual Sundays and holidays of rest like other folks he is given a year's vacation with salary every once in from four to five years, says the Philadelphia Record. The married men missionaries in China receive \$1,000 a year and travel pay. When missionaries who are married have children old enough to require to be kept in school away from home they are allowed \$150 additional. If young children are with their parents and to be supported \$100 additional is allowed for each child. Of course these salaries include house rentals and traveling expenses to and from the stations.

When missionaries take a vacation of a year their traveling expenses to and from their stations are paid at this time and almost their full salary likewise allowed them. More than the salary must, of course, be the impelling motive when missionaries go to such fields as China.

It is good, too, to learn that the laborers are not lacking even in the face of such horrors as it is feared have recently been inflicted on Gospel workers in China. Even at the present moment foreign mission boards are in receipt of hundreds of letters from volunteers who clamor to be sent to the land of the Celestials.

HEALTHY BECAUSE CLEAN.

Maintain Air Is of the Same Chemical Composition as Low Air, But Is Purer.

The only reason why mountain air is healthier than low air is that mountain air is cleaner than low air. The chemical composition of the atmosphere differs but little, if at all, wherever the sample is taken. On Pike's peak the relation of oxygen to nitrogen and other constituents of the atmosphere is the same as at the level of the ocean. The favorable effects, therefore, of a change of air are not to be explained by any difference in the proportion of its gaseous constituents. One important difference, however, is the bacteriological one. The air of high altitudes contains no microbes, and, in fact, sterile while near the ground and some 100 feet above it microbes are abundant.

In the air of Chicago and other crowded places, says the Chronicle, not only does the microbe impurity increase, but other impurities, such as the products of combustion of coal, accrue also. Several investigators have found traces of hydrogen and certain hydrocarbons in the air, especially in the air of pine, oak and birch forests. It is to these bodies, doubtless consisting of traces of essential oils, to which the curative effects of certain health resorts are ascribed. Thus the locality of a fir forest is said to give relief in diseases of the respiratory tract. But all the same, these tracts of essential oils and aromatic products must be counted, strictly speaking, as impurities, and are not apparently necessary constituents of the air. As recent analyses have shown, these bodies tend to disappear in the air as a higher altitude is reached, until they disappear altogether.

NEW STYLE OF LINE MAPS.

Some for Railroads Are Molded of Various Kinds of Clay and Baked Like Brick.

It is learned that the Northwestern Railway company, of England, is introducing in several of the stations of the line maps of the tile for accommodation of patrons of the road. The maps measure about six feet square and are made of tiles six inches square. In manufacturing these maps the tiles are made by the ordinary process of mixing various kinds of clay in liquid form. After the necessary treatment the tiles are molded, placed in the kiln and brought to the condition technically known as "bisque." The drawing of the map is reproduced on copper plates, one plate for each tile, and impressions are made upon specially prepared paper. The prints so prepared are transferred to the surface of the bisque tile and rubbed into it carefully to cause the oily ink of the paper impression to adhere to the tile. The paper is then removed by damping it with water and rubbing it off, the ink being left behind without any danger of injuring the surface of the tile or blurring the fineness or sharpness of the lines. The tiles are then sent to the kiln to be "hardened on," after which they are put in kilns and fired. They are then taken to the painting-room, where the colors are put on by hand, after which they are sent to the enameling kilns. After this third firing they are ready for "alabastering," as the cementing of a design or pattern in the work is called.

It has been suggested that these maps will prove valuable for use for other than railroad purposes, particularly in the schoolroom, a great feature of this style being its durability.

Chinese Chronology. According to ancient Chinese writers, the chronology of that country goes back 2,267,000 years.

RANG THE WRONG BELL.

Aggravating Experience of a Pittsburgh Girl Who Was Unconscious to Hotel.

"I never felt so mortified in my life," said the South side girl to her friend on her return to Chicago. "I'm not used to those big hotels, you know, and we had rooms at the Palmer house. We got in at night, four of us, three women that I didn't know very well myself. They are married to members of papa's post, and that is why we were together. One of them wanted to send a postal card home to tell of her safe arrival," quotes the Pittsburgh News. "She said she would go downstairs for it. To show them that I had often stopped at big hotels, which I didn't, I said we would call a boy and have a postal card brought to our room. I rang the bell, and in a little while a knock came. I went to the door, and the boy gave me a pitcher of ice water and hurried away. I thought that wasn't the boy answering the bell. So I waited and rang again. Another pitcher of ice water came. The boy got away again. I was determined to have the postal card and rang the third time. This time I waited at the door for the boy. He came, and before I could open my mouth he handed me a pitcher of ice water and scooted away. I got angry and I just made that old bell ring the fourth time. The boy came up and looked mad. He had another pitcher of ice water.

Too Much to Expect.

An excellent story is told of the weakness in spelling of an old Indian colonel. One day a brigade major approached him with the remark: "Very sorry to hear that you've been suffering from gout, colonel." "Gout, sir! What do you mean, sir?" roared the colonel. "Why on earth should I have gout? Never had gout in my life, confound you!" "Well, I'm sorry to have offended you, colonel, but only this morning I received in the brigade office your application for leave, and you distinctly asked for it on the ground that you had been suffering from gout." "I dare say I did," answered the colonel, "but what of that? You couldn't expect me to spell a word like rheumatism?"

VIRGINIA: In the clerk's office of the county court of Tazewell county, Oct. 22nd, 1900.

To Frank R. Garrett and John Lesko: You are hereby notified that one House and Lot of land in Pocahontas, Va., in Clear Fork District, Tazewell county, was sold on the 22nd day of December, 1897, for delinquent taxes, levies, interest and costs to the Commonwealth of Virginia, and application for the purchase thereof has been filed in this office, and it appearing from the records of this office, that you are interested in said land, you are further notified to appear in four months from the date of this notice and do what is necessary to protect your interest.

Given under my hand this 22nd day of October, 1900.

T. E. GEORGE, Clerk. Tazewell county court, Va.

VIRGINIA: Tazewell county, to-wit:—

To the clerk of the county court of Tazewell county: We, T. G. Crockett and D. W. Dudley, two freeholders of Tazewell county, do certify that by virtue of a warrant to us directed, by H. G. Peery, a Justice of the Peace of said county, after first being duly sworn, have this day viewed and appraised one roan cow taken up by B. M. Shradner on his lands as an estray, and assess the value of said cow at \$25.00. The said cow is a roan, well bred, dehorned and each ear has an underbit. She is 6 or 7 years old and will weigh about 900 lbs.

October 13, 1900.
D. W. DUDLEY, } Appraisers.
T. G. CROCKETT, }
Received and recorded Oct. 13, 1900.
T. E. GEORGE, Clerk.
A copy—Teste:
T. E. GEORGE, Clerk.

Commissioner's Notice.

TAEWELL, VA., }
Oct. 1, 1900.

John D. Alexander, Complainant,

Against
H. G. Peery, Sen., administrator of Elizabeth Peery, dec'd; James Ed. Peery, Committee for Frank M. Peery, a lunatic; M. E. Alexander, F. M. Peery, Maggie M. Honaker, Alice M. Winston, Mollie C. Peery, Rose R. Peery, James Harvey Peery, and Bettie Peery and the last four of whom are infants, and Frank M. Peery, a lunatic, Defendants:

IN CHANCERY.

The parties to the above mentioned suit and A. G. Gillespie, guardian ad litem for the infant defendants and the lunatic, Frank M. Peery, are hereby notified that I have filed the 5th day of November, 1900, and my office at Tazewell, Va., the time and place, to take the account in said suit, ordered by the circuit court of Tazewell county at the August Term last, at which time and place, they are required to attend.

L. E. CHAPMAN,
Com. in Chancery.

9-4-1900.

Order of Publication.

VIRGINIA: In the clerk's office of the Circuit Court for Tazewell county, October 22nd, 1900.

J. T. Reed, Complainant, against J. H. Chancery, John Reed, Defendant.

The Baltimore Building and Loan Association of Baltimore, Md., (a corporation) C. A. Howard, Regina Feldstein, F. Peirk, Allie A. Maxey, T. A. Welch and T. L. Henritze, Trustees, Defendants.

The object of this suit is to enforce the specific performance of a contract of sale by said The Baltimore Building and Loan Association of Baltimore, Md., to the plaintiff J. T. Reed; of those two certain lots of land situate in the town of Pocahontas, Tazewell county, Virginia, and conveyed by F. Peirk to W. W. French Trustee for said The Baltimore Building and Loan Association of Baltimore, Md., by two separate deeds of record in Tazewell county court, clerk's office in D. B. 43, pages 133-4 & 135-6 respectively, second to perfect and extract the legal title to said lots.

The LOOK & LINCOLN WAGONS

Have established a reputation for superiority in Southwest Virginia. They are manufactured from the best timber found in our section, carefully selected and thoroughly seasoned. The work is done by skilled mechanics and the most improved machinery. A number have been sold in Tazewell County and reference is made to persons who are using them.

For price list call at law office of

V. L. SEXTON,
TAEWELL, VA.

C. T. PATTON, BLACKSMITH

—AND—

GENERAL - REPAIRER

TAEWELL, VIRGINIA.

(Foot's Old Stand)

I am prepared to execute, at short notice and on reasonable terms, all classes of iron work—horse shoeing, all kinds of repairing, etc. There is also connected with my establishment a WOOD-WORKING Department, under the control of J. B. Crawford, where he is prepared to do everything pertaining to that branch.

CASTNER, CURRAN & BULLITT,

